Medicare Local Coverage Determinations L33411			
LCD-L33411	Patient Name:		MR:
LCA A57145	torus procedures are performed to treat comparied conditions associated with markid obscitus such	h acı bu	portancius cardiovaccular disease, pulmonary/receivatory disease, diabetes, clean appea er
Bariatric surgery procedures are performed to treat comorbid conditions associated with morbid obesity such as: hypertensive cardiovascular disease, pulmonary/respiratory disease, diabetes, sleep apnea or degenerative arthritis of weight-bearing joints. Two types of surgical procedures are employed. Malabsorptive procedures divert food from the stomach to a lower part of the digestive tract where the normal mixing of digestive fluids and absorption of nutrients cannot occur. Restrictive procedures restrict the size of the stomach and decrease intake. Surgery can combine both types of procedures.			
GENERAL REQUIREMENT			
☐ Surgeon must be certified by American College of Surgeons (ACS) or the American Society for Bariatric Surgery (ASBS).			
□ Coding/Billing Requirements: Refer to the LCA and Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 32, Section 150			
COVERAGE / MEDICAL RECORD DOCUMENTATION			
	Covered Pro	ocedur	es Open biliopancreatic diversion with duodenal switch (BPD/DS) or gastric reduction duodenal
	Open Roux-en-Y gastric bypass (RYGBP)		switch (BPD/GRDS)
	Laparoscopic Roux-en-Y gastric bypass (RYGBP)		Laparoscopic biliopancreatic diversion with duodenal switch (BPD/DS) or gastric reduction duodenal switch (BPD/GRDS)
	Laparoscopic Adjustable Gastric Banding (LAGB)		Laparoscopic Sleeve Gastrectomy (LSG)
Coverage for selected bariatric surgery procedures on patients who meet national and local coverage criteria requires reporting three appropriate diagnoses. Documentation should be legible and made available upon request.			
	The covered bariatric surgical procedures ARE considered medically reasons		
	Primary diagnosis: morbid (severe) obesity due to excess calories (ICD-10 E66.01)		Treatable metabolic causes for obesity (e.g., adrenal or thyroid disorders) have been ruled out or clinically treated if present
	Secondary Diagnosis for body mass index (BMI)		or chineary deated it present
	Body mass index (BMI) 35.0-35.9, adult - Body mass index (BMI) 70 or greater, adult (ICD-10 Z68.35-Z68.45)		
	Third Diagnosis: co-morbidity related to obesity (as appropriate); History, physical, testing or		Unsuccessful medical treatment for obesity; Progress/office notes indicate the following:
	imaging includes evidence and severity of at least one of the following: • Type II diabetes mellitus (by American Diabetes Association diagnostic criteria)		The patient has been provided with knowledge and tools needed to achieve such lifelong lifestyle changes, exhibits understanding of the needed changes and has demonstrated to
	• Resistant hypertension (blood pressure of 140 mmHg systolic and/or 90 mmHg diastolic		clinicians involved in his or her care to be capable and willing to undergo the changes.
	despite medical treatment with maximal doses of three antihypertensive medications) • Refractory hyperlipidemia (acceptable levels of lipids unachievable with diet and maximum		The patient has made a diligent effort to achieve healthy body weight with such efforts described in the medical record and certified by the operating surgeon.
	doses of lipid lowering medications)		• The patient has failed to maintain a healthy weight despite adequate participation in a
	Obesity-induced cardiomyopathy Clinically significant obstructive sleep apnea		structured dietary program overseen by one of the following:
	Cambon, Significant obstructive steep aprice		
	Obesity-related hypoventilation		∘ Physician (MD or DO) ∘ Registered dietician (RD) ∘ Board certified specialist in pediatric
	Pseudotumor cerebri (documented idiopathic intracerebral hypertension) Severe arthropathy of spine and/or weight-bearing joints (when obesity prohibits		nutrition (CSP) • Board certified specialist in renal nutrition (CSR) • Fellow of the American Dietetic Association (FADA)
	appropriate surgical management of joint dysfunction treatable but for the obesity)		
	 Nonalcoholic fatty liver disease (NAFLD) as confirmed by physician with expertise in liver disease 		
	Operative report containing a detailed procedure note with physician's signature		Required preoperative and postoperative evaluations and interventions
	For patients with a history of psychiatric or psychological disorder, preoperative psychological evaluation and assessment with clearance for surgery		For patients with smoking history or status, counseling on the effects of smoking on surgical outcomes and treatment for smoking cessation
		IONE	Succession and decadine for smoking cessation
LIMITATIONS The bariatric surgical procedures are <u>not</u> considered medically and are <u>noncovered</u> for the following:			
NONCOVERED SURGERIES/INDICATIONS CONTRAINDICATIONS TO SURGERY			
Open Adjustable Gastric Banding			ibitive perioperative risk of cardiac complications due to cardiac ischemia or myocardial
Open Sleeve Gastrectomy		dysfunction • Severe chronic obstructive airway disease or respiratory dysfunction	
Open and Laparoscopic Vertical Banded Gastroplasty		• Non-	compliance with medical treatment of obesity or treatment of other chronic medical conditions
• Intestinal Bypass Surgery		History of significant eating disorders, including anorexia nervosa, bulimia and pica (sand, clay or	
Gastric Balloon for Treatment of Obesity		other abnormal substance) • Active hepatic disease with inflammation, portal hypertension or ascites	
		Failure to cease tobacco use at least 6 weeks prior to surgery or documentation in the medical	
Mini-Gastric Bypass		record that the patient has received counseling on the effects of smoking on surgical outcomes and treatment for smoking cessation	
Long-Limb Gastric Bypass		Severe hiatal hernia/gastroesophageal reflux (for purely restrictive procedures such as LAGB)	
Silastic Ring Vertical Gastric Bypass		Autoimmune/rheumatological disorders (also inflammatory bowel diseases and vasculitides) exacerbated by the presence of intra-abdominal foreign bodies (for LAGB procedure).	
Treatment for Obesity Alone Including Supplemental Fasting		Psychological/psychiatric conditions:	
			zophrenia, borderline personality disorder, suicidal ideation, severe or recurrent depression, or
			r affective disorders with difficult-to-control manifestations ntal retardation that prevents personally provided informed consent or the ability to understand
		and co	mply with a reasonable pre and postoperative regimen
			er psychological/psychiatric disorder that, per psychologist/psychiatrist, imparts a significant psychological/psychiatric decompensation or interference with the long- term postoperative

management.

Note: Document compelling arguments for exceptions. Repeat bariatric surgery is generally not reasonable and necessary, however, claims for the following procedures can be submitted for consideration: replacement of a defective device or correcting a complication in a patient who had met medical necessity for the original procedure and has achieved acceptable weight loss.

Checklist Completed By:

Date:

isdaimer: The content of the checklists were created as an educational tool. Use of these documents are not intended as a replacement for the documentation requirements published in National or Local Coverage Determinations, or the CMS's documentation guidelines, written law or equitors. Medicare policy changes frequently; Providers/Departments are reminded to review current National and Local Coverage Determination and Policy Articles for specific documentation and coding guidelines.